

Year Ended December 31, 2015

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. Management is responsible for their integrity, objectivity and reliability, and for the maintenance of financial and operating systems, which include effective controls, to provide reasonable assurance that the Fund's assets are safeguarded and that reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Trustees is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting, disclosure control and internal control. The Board exercises these responsibilities through its Audit Committee, all members of which are not involved in the daily activities of the Fund. The Audit Committee meets with management and, as necessary, with the independent auditors, Deloitte LLP, to satisfy itself that management's responsibilities are properly discharged and to review and report to the Board on the consolidated financial statements.

In accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, the independent auditors conduct an examination each year in order to express a professional opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

(signed) (signed)

Brock Bulbuck
President & Chief Executive Officer

Narendra Pathipati
Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

Winnipeg, Manitoba March 22, 2016

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of Boyd Group Income Fund

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Boyd Group Income Fund, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and the consolidated statements of loss, consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Boyd Group Income Fund as at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Deloitte LLP

March 22, 2016 Winnipeg, Manitoba

## BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31,

(thousands of Canadian dollars)

			2015		2014
	Note				
Assets					
Current assets:		ф	<b>53.03</b> 6	Ф	57.510
Cash		\$	72,926	\$	57,510
Accounts receivable	16		64,798		55,462
Income taxes recoverable			3,115		884
Inventory	6		20,977		15,809
Prepaid expenses			13,140		9,579
			174,956		139,244
Note receivable	25		678		893
Property, plant and equipment	7		133,043		89,264
Deferred income tax asset	8		2,622		2,755
Deferred financing costs	12		321		849
Intangible assets	9		143,679		112,053
Goodwill	10		183,623		142,755
		\$	638,922	\$	487,813
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	134,431	\$	96,691
Distributions payable	11		705		671
Dividends payable	11		11		11
Current portion of long-term debt	12		9,802		7,645
Current portion of obligations under finance leases	14		4,547		3,436
			149,496		108,454
Long-term debt	12		56,745		48,953
Obligations under finance leases	14		8,476		5,339
Convertible debentures	13, 16		75,120		81,664
Convertible debenture conversion features	16		60,164		41,875
Deferred income tax liability	8		20,602		10,702
Exchangeable Class A common shares	16		15,536		11,420
Unit based payment obligation	17		33,118		20,193
Non-controlling interest put options	16		34,738		23,230
			453,995		351,830
Equity					
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings	20		75,111		21,977
Deficit			(116,517)		(86,402)
Unitholders' capital	21		222,331		196,406
Contributed surplus	22		4,002		4,002
			184,927		135,983
		\$	638,922	\$	487,813

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements}$ 

Approved by the Board:

BROCK BULBUCK

Trustee

ALLAN DAVIS

Trustee

## BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit amounts)

		Unitholde	rs' Cap	oital	Cont	tributed		ated Other ehensive				
		Units	ts Amount		Su	ırplus	Ear	nings	]	Deficit	Tota	al Equity
	Note											
Balances - January 1, 2014		14,934,127	\$	137,939	\$	4,002	\$	5,685	\$	(63,652)	\$	83,974
Issue costs												
Units issued through public offering (net of tax of \$661)	21			(1,850)								(1,850)
Other (net of tax of \$nil)	21			(27)								(27)
Units issued from treasury												
Units issued through public offering	21	1,306,000		55,309								55,309
Units issued in connection with acquisitions	5	4,297		190								190
Retractions	16	112,164		4,786								4,786
Conversion of convertible debentures	13	2,519		59								59
Other comprehensive earnings	20							16,292				16,292
Net loss										(15,311)		(15,311)
Comprehensive earnings								16,292		(15,311)		981
Distributions to unitholders	11									(7,439)		(7,439)
Balances - December 31, 2014		16,359,107	\$	196,406	\$	4,002	\$	21,977	\$	(86,402)	\$	135,983
Issue costs (net of tax of \$nil)	21			(29)								(29)
Retractions	16	4,875		259								259
Conversion of convertible debentures	13	424,227		25,695								25,695
Other comprehensive earnings	20							53,134				53,134
Net loss								,		(21,962)		(21,962)
Comprehensive earnings								53,134		(21,962)		31,172
Distributions to unitholders	11									(8,153)		(8,153)
Balances - December 31, 2015		16,788,209	\$	222,331	\$	4,002	\$	75,111	\$	(116,517)	\$	184,927

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

## BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS

For the years ended December 31,

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit and per unit amounts)

		2015	2014
	Note		
Sales	26	\$ 1,174,077 \$	844,104
Cost of sales		637,212	454,550
Gross profit		536,865	389,554
Operating expenses		435,198	320,582
Acquisition, transaction and process			
improvement costs	5	2,003	6,325
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7	18,022	13,405
Amortization of intangible assets	9	10,072	7,139
Fair value adjustments	15	58,950	37,360
Finance costs		14,254	8,317
		538,499	393,128
Loss before income taxes		(1,634)	(3,574)
Income tax expense			
Current	8	13,551	5,744
Deferred	8	6,777	5,993
		20,328	11,737
Net loss		\$ (21,962) \$	(15,311)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements			
Basic and diluted loss per unit	30	\$ (1.333) \$	(0.999)
Basic and diluted weighted average number of units outstanding	30	16,470,702	15,331,353

## **BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND**

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS

For the years ended December 31,

(thousands of Canadian dollars)

		2015	2014
Net loss	\$	(21,962) \$	(15,311)
Other comprehensive earnings			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to Consolidated Statements of Loss			
Change in unrealized earnings on translating			
financial statements of foreign operations	20	53,134	16,292
Other comprehensive earnings		53,134	16,292
Comprehensive earnings	\$	31,172 \$	981

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements}$ 

## BOYD GROUP INCOME FUND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31, *(thousands of Canadian dollars)* 

		2015	2014		
	Note				
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(21,962) \$	(15,311)		
Items not affecting cash					
Fair value adjustments		58,950	37,360		
Deferred income taxes		6,777	5,993		
Amortization of discount on convertible debt		3,383	907		
Amortization of deferred finance costs		885	212		
Amortization of intangible assets		10,072	7,139		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		18,022	13,405		
Gain on disposal of equipment and software		(214)	(62)		
Interest accrued on Exchangeable Class A					
common shares		130	154		
Other gains	5	(732)	-		
Payment of accrued settlement obligation		-	(820)		
		75,311	48,977		
Changes in non-cash working capital items	31	7,141	2,242		
		82,452	51,219		
Cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities					
Fund units issued from treasury		-	55,309		
Issue costs		(29)	(2,538)		
Increase in obligations under long-term debt		-	85,395		
Repayment of long-term debt		(8,926)	(91,748)		
Repayment of obligations under finance leases		(5,228)	(3,971)		
Proceeds on sale-leaseback agreement		-	2,235		
Net proceeds on issue of convertible debentures		-	54,969		
Dividends paid on Exchangeable Class A			,		
common shares		(130)	(159)		
Distributions paid to unitholders		(8,119)	(7,366)		
Payment to non-controlling interests		(1,086)	(1,066)		
Payment of financing costs		(356)	(52)		
Collection of notes receivable		59	22		
		(23,815)	91,030		
Cash flows used in investing activities					
Proceeds on sale of equipment and software		352	202		
Equipment purchases and facility improvements		(9,183)	(5,941)		
Acquisition and development of businesses		( ) )	(- ,- ,		
(net of cash acquired)		(43,214)	(101,175)		
Software purchases and licensing		(377)	(325)		
Senior managers unit loan program		181	196		
		(52,241)	(107,043)		
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash		9,020	3,000		
Net increase in cash position		15,416	38,206		
Cash, beginning of year		57,510	19,304		
Cash, end of year	\$	72,926 \$	57,510		
Income taxes paid	\$	15,762 \$	5,044		
Interest paid	\$	11,174 \$	8,080		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements					

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Boyd Group Income Fund (the "Fund" or "BGIF") is an unincorporated, open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Manitoba, Canada on December 16, 2002. It was established for the purposes of acquiring and holding a majority interest in The Boyd Group Inc. (the "Company"). The Company is partially owned by Boyd Group Holdings Inc. ("BGHI"), which is controlled by the Fund. These financial statements reflect the activities of the Fund, the Company and all its subsidiaries including BGHI.

The Company's business consists of the ownership and operation of autobody/autoglass repair facilities and related services. At the reporting date, the Company operated locations in five Canadian provinces under the trade name Boyd Autobody & Glass, as well as in 19 U.S. states under the trade name Gerber Collision & Glass. The Company is a major retail auto glass operator in the U.S. with locations across 30 U.S. states under the trade names Gerber Collision & Glass, Glass America, Auto Glass Service, Auto Glass Authority and Autoglassonly.com. The Company also operates Gerber National Claim Services ("GNCS"), an auto glass repair and replacement referral business with approximately 5,500 glass provider locations and 4,600 Emergency Roadside Services provider locations throughout the U.S.

The units and convertible debentures of the Fund are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and trade under the symbols "BYD.UN", "BYD.DB" and "BYD.DB.A". The head office and principal address of the Fund are located at 3570 Portage Avenue, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, R3K 0Z8.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 (including comparatives) were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Trustees on March 22, 2016.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts.

#### b) Revenue recognition

The Fund recognizes revenue to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund, the sales price is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received. Revenue is recognized when the profitability of the repair or service can be measured reliably. As the majority of repairs and services are of short duration, revenue is recognized when the repair or service is complete or substantially complete.

#### c) Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less any applicable selling expenses.

#### d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation is calculated using the declining balance and straight line rates as disclosed in the property, plant and equipment note. Leasehold improvements are amortized on the straight line basis over the period of estimated benefit.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

An item of property, plant and equipment is reclassified as held for sale or derecognized upon disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in the consolidated statement of earnings (loss).

The Fund conducts an annual assessment of the residual balances, useful lives and depreciation methods being used for property, plant and equipment and any changes arising from the assessment are applied by the Fund prospectively.

#### e) Consolidation

The financial statements of the Fund consolidate the accounts of the Fund and its subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains and losses from intercompany transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Subsidiaries are those entities which the Fund controls by having the power to govern the financial and operating policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Fund controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the Fund and are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

#### f) Business combinations, goodwill and other intangible assets

Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values (at the acquisition date) of assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Fund in exchange for control of the acquired company. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred. The acquired company's identifiable assets (including previously unrecognized intangible assets), liabilities and contingent liabilities are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Fund's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets are recognized only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits attributable to the assets will accrue to the Fund and the cost can be reliably measured. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recorded at fair value. Intangible assets that do not have indefinite lives are amortized over their useful lives using an amortization method which reflects the economic benefit of the intangible asset. Customer relationships are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected period of benefit of 20 years. Contractual rights, which consist of non-compete agreements, zoned property rights and favourable lease agreements, are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract. Computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over periods of three and five years. Brand names which the Company continues to use in the conduct of its business are considered indefinite life because their value is not expected to degrade over time. To the extent the Company decides to discontinue the use of a certain brand, an estimate of the remaining useful life is made and the intangible asset is amortized over the remaining period.

#### g) Impairment of non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment and definite life intangible assets are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. For the purpose of measuring recoverable amounts, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows (cashgenerating unit or "CGU"). The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use (being the present value of the expected future cash flows of the relevant asset or CGU). An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

Goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets are reviewed for impairment annually or at any time if an indicator of impairment exists. As well, newly acquired goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the year in which it was acquired.

Goodwill acquired through a business combination is allocated to each CGU, or group of CGUs, that are expected to benefit from the related business combination. A group of CGUs represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes, which is not higher than an operating segment. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

The Fund evaluates impairment losses, other than goodwill impairment, for potential reversals when events or circumstances warrant such consideration.

#### h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### i) Income taxes

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the statement of earnings (loss) except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case the income tax is recognized directly in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

In general, deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined on a non-discounted basis using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the deferred tax asset or liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that the assets can be recovered.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries except, in the case of subsidiaries, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Fund and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

## j) Unitholders' capital

Under IAS 32, a financial instrument that gives the holder the right to put the instrument back to the issuer for cash or another financial asset (a 'puttable instrument') is a financial liability, except for those instruments that meet the exceptions to be classified as equity instruments. The trust units of the Fund meet the puttable equity exceptions and therefore are classified as equity.

The Fund's declaration of trust allows a unitholder to tender their units for cash redemption. This cash redemption right is restricted, at the Fund's option, to an aggregate cash amount of \$25. Historically, the Fund has not been asked to redeem units for cash.

## k) Unit-Based Compensation

The Fund issues unit-based awards to certain employees in the form of unit options. The unit options are financial liabilities since the units are ultimately puttable back to the Fund in exchange for cash. The cost of cash-settled unit-based transactions are measured at fair value using a Black-Scholes model and expensed over the vesting period with the recognition of a corresponding liability. The liability is re-measured at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognized in earnings (loss).

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

## l) Earnings per unit

Basic earnings (loss) per unit (EPU) is calculated by dividing the net earnings (loss) for the period attributable to equity owners of the Fund by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPU is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of units outstanding and corresponding earnings impact for dilutive instruments. The Fund's dilutive instruments comprise unit options, exchangeable shares, convertible debentures and non-controlling interest put options. The number of shares included with respect to unit options is computed using the treasury stock method. The exchangeable Class A shares are evaluated as to whether or not they are dilutive based on the effect on earnings per unit of eliminating the liability adjustment for the period and increasing the weighted average number of units outstanding for the units that would be exchanged for the Class A shares. The dilutive impact of the convertible debentures and non-controlling interest put options is calculated using the "if converted" method.

#### m) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each subsidiary are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Fund's functional currency. The financial statements of entities that have a functional currency different from that of the Fund are translated into Canadian dollars. Assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars at the noon rate of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position dates and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rate during the period (as this is considered a reasonable approximation to actual rates). The adjustment arising from the translation of these accounts is recognized in other comprehensive earnings (loss) as cumulative translation adjustments.

When an entity disposes of its entire interest in a foreign operation, or loses control, joint control, or significant influence over a foreign operation, the foreign currency gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive earnings (loss) related to the foreign operation are recognized in earnings (loss). If an entity disposes of part of an interest in a foreign operation which remains a subsidiary, a proportionate amount of foreign currency gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive earnings (loss) related to the subsidiary are reallocated between controlling and non-controlling interests.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Generally, foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than an operation's functional currency are recognized in earnings (loss).

## n) Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

At initial recognition, the Fund classifies its financial instruments in the following categories depending on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired:

Cash is classified as "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" (FVTPL). This financial asset is measured at fair value at each period end.

Derivative contracts including convertible debenture conversion features and non-controlling interest put options are classified as "Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" with mark-to-market adjustments being recorded to net earnings (loss) at each period end.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

Accounts receivable and notes receivable are classified as "Loans and Receivables". After their initial fair value measurement, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated unrecoverable amounts.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, dividends payable, distributions payable, the non-derivative component of convertible debentures, and long-term debt are classified as "Other Liabilities" and are net of any related financing fees or issue costs. After their initial fair value measurement, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

As a result of the Fund's units being redeemable for cash, the exchangeable Class A shares of the Fund's subsidiary BGHI, are presented as financial liabilities and classified as "Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss". Exchangeable Class A shares are measured at the market price of the units of Fund as of the statement of financial position date.

For those financial instruments where fair value is recognized in the Statement of Financial Position the methods and assumptions used to develop fair value measurements have been classified into one of the three levels of the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments:

- Level 1 includes quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 includes inputs that are observable other than quoted prices included in Level 1
- Level 3 includes inputs that are not based on observable market data

For net investment hedging relationships, foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive earnings (loss). Amounts recorded in accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss) are recognized in net earnings (loss) when there is a disposition of the foreign subsidiary.

### o) Non-controlling interests

The Company accounts for transactions where a non-controlling interest exists, and where a put option has been granted to third parties under IFRS 10 whereby the non-controlling interest is initially recognized at fair value and then immediately derecognized upon the issuance and recognition of the put option. Differences between the put option liability recognized at fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest derecognized is recognized directly in equity.

When there is no allocation of profit or loss to non-controlling partners, no non-controlling interest is recognized in the Statement of Financial Position. Distributions to non-controlling partners are recognized as an expense when paid or payable based on the distribution formula of the agreement.

#### p) Pensions and other post-retirement benefits

The Company contributes to defined contribution pension plans of employees. Contributions are recognized within operating expenses at an amount equal to contributions payable for the period. Any outstanding contributions are recognized as liabilities within accrued liabilities.

#### q) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation that has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period, and are discounted to present value where the effect is significant. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

### r) Segment reporting

The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments and has been identified as the chief executive officer of the Fund.

The Fund's primary line of business is automotive collision and glass repair and related services, with the majority of revenues relating to this group of similar services. This line of business operates in Canada and the U.S. and both regions exhibit similar long-term economic characteristics. In this circumstance, IFRS requires the Company to provide specific geographical disclosure. For the years reported, the Company's revenues were derived within Canada or the U.S. and all property, plant and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets are located within these two geographic areas.

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### **Critical accounting estimates**

The Fund makes estimates, including the assumptions applied therein, concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

Impairment of Goodwill and Intangible Assets

When testing goodwill and intangibles for impairment, the Fund uses the recorded historical cash flows of the CGU or group of CGUs to which the asset relate for the most recent two years, and an estimate or forecast of cash flows for the next year to establish an estimate of the Fund's future cash flows. An estimate of the recoverable amount is then calculated as the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use (being the present value of the expected future cash flows of the relevant asset or CGU). An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The methods used to value intangible assets and goodwill require critical estimates to be made regarding the future cash flows and useful lives of the intangible assets. Goodwill and intangible asset impairments, when recognized, are recorded as a separate charge to earnings (loss), and could materially impact the operating results of the Fund for any particular accounting period.

## Impairment of Other Long-lived Assets

The Fund assesses the recoverability of its long-lived assets, other than goodwill and intangibles, after considering the potential impairment indicated by such factors as business and market trends, the Fund's ability to transfer the assets, future prospects, current market value and other economic factors. In performing its review of recoverability, management estimates the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their potential disposition. If the discounted sum of the expected future cash flows is less than the carrying value of the assets generating those cash flows, an impairment loss would be recognized based on the excess of the carrying amounts of the assets over their estimated recoverable value. The underlying estimates for cash flows include estimates for future sales, gross margin rates and operating expenses. Changes which may impact these estimates include, but are not limited to, business risks and uncertainties and economic conditions. To the extent that management's estimates are not realized, future assessments could result in impairment charges that may have a material impact on the Fund's consolidated financial statements.

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#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Fund has applied discounted cash flow methods to establish the fair value of certain financial liabilities recorded on the Statement of Financial Position, as well as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Fund also establishes mark-to-market valuations for derivative instruments, which are assumed to represent the current fair value of these instruments. These valuations rely on assumptions regarding interest and exchange rates as well as other economic indicators, which at the time of establishing the fair value for disclosure, have a high degree of uncertainty. Unrealized gains or losses on these derivative financial instruments may not be realized as markets change.

#### Income Taxes

The Fund is subject to income tax in several jurisdictions and estimates are used to determine the provision for income taxes. During the ordinary course of business, there are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. As a result, the Fund recognizes tax liabilities based on estimates of whether additional taxes and interest will be due. Uncertain tax liabilities may be recognized when, despite the Fund's belief that its tax return positions are supportable, the Fund believes that certain positions are likely to be challenged and may not be fully sustained upon review by tax authorities. The Fund believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open audit years based on its assessment of many factors including past experience and interpretations of tax law. To the extent that the final tax outcome of these matters is different than the amounts recorded, such differences will impact income tax expense in the period in which such determination is made.

#### Critical judgments in applying the entity's accounting policies

#### Deferred Tax Assets

The assessment of the probability of future taxable income in which deferred tax assets can be utilized is based on the Fund's latest forecasts which are adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits to the use of any unused tax loss or credit. The tax rules in the numerous jurisdictions in which the Fund operates are also carefully taken into consideration. If a positive forecast of taxable income indicates the probable use of a deferred tax asset, that deferred tax asset is recognized in full. The recognition of deferred tax assets that are subject to certain legal or economic limits or uncertainties is assessed individually by management based on the specific facts and circumstances. The judgments inherent in these assessments are subject to uncertainty and if changed could materially affect the Fund's assessment of its ability to realize the benefit of these tax assets.

#### Leases

In applying the classification of leases in IAS 17, management considers its premise leases as well as certain equipment and vehicle leases as operating lease arrangements. In some cases, the lease transaction is not conclusive, and management uses judgment in determining whether the lease is a finance lease arrangement that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership or an operating lease where substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership are not transferred.

### 4. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ADOPTED AND FUTURE STANDARDS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following amendments have been adopted effective January 1, 2015:

Amendments to IAS 19, *Employee Benefits* were issued by the IASB on November 21, 2013 to provide clarification regarding attribution of contributions from employees or third parties to a defined benefit plan. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014 with early application permitted. This change had no impact on the Fund's reporting.

On December 12, 2013, the IASB issued Annual Improvements, which amended nine standards as follows:

- IFRS 1, First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards providing a choice between applying existing IFRS or early adopting a new IFRS standard
- IFRS 2, Share-based Payment providing definitions and guidance for awards issued with different vesting conditions

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- IFRS 3, *Business Combinations* providing guidance on accounting for contingent consideration in a business combination and scope exceptions for joint ventures
- IFRS 8, *Operating Segments* requiring disclosures on the aggregation of operating segments and reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets
- IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement providing guidance on measurement of short-term receivables and payables
- IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment providing clarification on how accumulated depreciation should be calculated under the revaluation method
- IAS 24, Related Party Disclosures requiring disclosure of payments to entities providing management services
- IAS 38, Intangible Assets providing clarification on how accumulated depreciation should be calculated
  under the revaluation method
- IAS 40, Investment Property providing clarification on the classification of property as investment property
  or owner-occupied property

These amendments were adopted by the Fund on January 1, 2015 with no impact on its financial statements.

The following is an overview of accounting standard changes that the Fund will be required to adopt in future years:

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, was issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") on May 28, 2014 and will replace current guidance found in IAS 11, Construction Contracts and IAS 18, Revenue. IFRS 15 outlines a single comprehensive model to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. On July 22, 2015, the IASB announced a deferral in the effective date for this standard. The standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early application permitted. A choice of retrospective application or a modified transition approach is provided. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 15 on its financial statements.

IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, was issued by the IASB on July 24, 2014 and will replace current guidance found in IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 includes a logical model for classification and measurement, a single, forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-reformed approach to hedge accounting. The new standard will come into effect on January 1, 2018 with early application permitted. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 9 on its financial statements.

IFRS 16, *Leases*, was issued by the IASB on January 13, 2016 and will replace the current guidance found in IAS 17, *Leases* and related interpretations. The new standard will bring most leases on-balance sheet through recognition of related assets and liabilities. IFRS 16 establishes principles for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. The new standard will come into effect on January 1, 2019 with early application permitted if IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* has also been applied. The Fund is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 16 on its financial statements.

## 5. ACQUISITIONS

Effective January 2, 2015, the Company completed a transaction acquiring the assets of Craftmaster Auto Body Group, Inc. ("Craftmaster"), which owned and operated six collision repair locations in Florida. Funding for the transaction was a combination of seller financing and cash.

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The Fund also completed 16 other acquisitions that added 21 locations during 2015 as follows:

Acquisition Date	Location
April 10, 2015	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
May 1, 2015	Spokane Valley, Washington
June 12, 2015	Battle Creek, Michigan
July 13, 2015	Plainwell, Michigan
July 17, 2015	Salt Lake City, Utah (4 locations)
July 30, 2015	Mesa, Arizona
August 13, 2015	Highland Ranch, Colorado
August 20, 2015	Lake City, Florida
September 9, 2015	Jacksonville, North Carolina
September 22, 2015	Glenwood Springs, Colorado and Grand Junction, Colorado
October 6, 2015	Dayton, Ohio (2 locations)
October 16, 2015	Mayfield Heights, Ohio
October 27, 2015	Gresham, Oregon
October 30, 2015	Bremerton, Washington
November 3, 2015	Shereville, Indiana
December 18, 2015	Charlotte, North Carolina

On April 14, 2014, the Company completed a transaction acquiring Dora Holdings, Inc., which owns and operates 24 collision repair centers in Illinois and Indiana, and Collision Revision 13081 Inc., which owns and operates one collision repair center in Florida, both operating under the trade name "Collision Revision". Funding for the transaction was a combination of seller financing and use of the revolving credit facility.

On May 30, 2014, the Company completed a transaction acquiring Netcost 866netglass LLC, operating as Netcost Claims Services ("Netcost"). Netcost expanded the Company's existing third party administration business, Gerber National Glass Services, that offered first notice of loss, auto glass and related services through its network of auto glass providers across the U.S. Netcost also offered roadside assistance services and owned and operated its own call center. Funding for the transaction was a combination of cash and seller financing plus additional consideration if performance over the ensuing 3 years exceeds certain thresholds. The fair value of the contingent consideration has been evaluated based on a formula defined in the purchase and sale agreement. The formula is based on earnings in years one, two and three of operations in excess of the threshold. At December 31, 2015, it is estimated that no further contingent purchase price is payable (2014 - \$nil).

Effective June 2, 2014, the Company completed a transaction acquiring Collex Collision Experts Inc. and Collex Collision Experts of Florida Inc. ("Collex"), which own and operate 16 collision repair centers in Michigan and Florida. Funding for the transaction was a combination of seller financing and use of the revolving credit facility.

On September 12, 2014, the Company completed a transaction acquiring Champ's Holding Company LLC, which owns and operates seven collision repair centers in Louisiana under the trade name Champ's Collision Centers ("Champ's"). Funding for the transaction was a combination of seller financing and use of the revolving credit facility.

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The Fund also completed 10 other acquisitions that added 11 locations during 2014 as follows:

Acquisition Date	Location
January 31, 2014	Phoenix, Arizona (2 locations)
May 1, 2014	Mundelein, Illinois
June 30, 2014	Chicago, Illinois
August 12, 2014	Commerce Township, Michigan
August 29, 2014	Atlanta, Georgia
October 15, 2014	Brunswick, Georgia
October 31, 2014	Coeur d'Alene, Idaho
October 31, 2014	Jacksonville, Florida
November 7, 2014	Seattle, Washington
November 24, 2014	Woodstock, Georgia

Funding for the Atlanta transaction was a combination of cash and a \$190 issuance of 4,297 units to the sellers at a unit price of \$44.22.

The Fund has accounted for the acquisitions using the acquisition method as follows:

Acquisitions in 2015				Other		
	Cra	ftmaster	ac	quisitions		Total
Identifiable net assets acquired at fair value:						
Cash	\$	5	\$	-	\$	5
Other currents assets		259		460		719
Property, plant and equipment		1,727		12,650		14,377
Identified intangible assets						
Customer relationships		2,287		7,096		9,383
Brand name		235		126		361
Non-compete agreements		469		517		986
Liabilities assumed		(131)		(29)		(160)
Identifiable net assets acquired	\$	4,851	\$	20,820	\$	25,671
Goodwill		3,828		7,737		11,565
Total purchase consideration	\$	8,679	\$	28,557	\$	37,236
Consideration provided						
Cash paid or payable	\$	7,037	\$	22,228	\$	29,265
Sellers notes	Ψ	1,642	*	6,329	7	7,971
Total consideration provided	\$	8,679	\$	28,557	\$	37,236

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The following table summarizes the preliminary purchase consideration and preliminary purchase price allocation as reported in the Fund's 2014 year-end financial statements:

Acquisitions in 2014	C	ollision							Other		
	Revision			Netcost	Collex	(	Champ's	ac	quisitions	Total	
Identifiable net assets acquired at fair value:											
Cash	\$	1,237	\$	740	\$ 649	\$	2,557	\$	-	\$ 5,183	
Other currents assets		4,187		2,159	2,762		1,605		28	10,741	
Property, plant and equipment Identified intangible assets		4,050		237	4,010		3,303		6,630	18,230	
Customer relationships		9,544		2,608	18,303		16,171		-	46,626	
Brand name		658		435	545		443		-	2,081	
Non-compete agreements		878		217	545		775		-	2,415	
Liabilities assumed		(7,849)		(4,404)	(3,598)		(4,398)		-	(20,249)	
Deferrred income tax liability		(4,321)		-	-		-		-	(4,321)	
Identifiable net assets											
acquired	\$	8,384	\$	1,992	\$ 23,216	\$	20,456	\$	6,658	\$ 60,706	
Goodwill		17,916		1,268	26,236		18,086		-	63,506	
Total purchase consideration	\$	26,300	\$	3,260	\$ 49,452	\$	38,542	\$	6,658	\$ 124,212	
Consideration provided											
Cash paid or payable	\$	7,102	\$	1,087	\$ 44,549	\$	34,555	\$	5,283	\$ 92,576	
Units issued		-		-	-		-		190	190	
Sellers notes		19,198		2,173	4,903		3,987		1,185	31,446	
Total consideration provided	\$	26,300	\$	3,260	\$ 49,452	\$	38,542	\$	6,658	\$ 124,212	

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The following table summarizes the final purchase consideration and final purchase price allocation for the Collision Revision and Collex acquisitions. No adjustments were made to other acquisitions presented above.

Purchase price allocation	Re	ollision evision - eliminary	Collision Revision - adjustments		_	ollision evision - final	Collex - eliminary	Collex - ustments	Collex - final		
Identifiable net assets acquired at fair value:											
Cash	\$	1,237		-	\$	1,237	\$ 649	\$ -	\$	649	
Other currents assets		4,187		-		4,187	2,762	-		2,762	
Property, plant and equipment Identified intangible assets		4,050		-		4,050	4,010	-		4,010	
Customer relationships		9,544		_		9,544	18,303	_		18,303	
Brand name		658		_		658	545	-		545	
Non-compete agreements		878		-		878	545	-		545	
Liabilities assumed		(7,849)		293		(7,556)	(3,598)	-		(3,598)	
Deferred income tax liability		(4,321)		(756)		(5,077)	-	-		-	
Identifiable net assets											
acquired	\$	8,384	\$	(463)	\$	7,921	\$ 23,216	\$ -	\$	23,216	
Goodwill		17,916		463		18,379	26,236	1,221		27,457	
Total purchase consideration	\$	26,300		-	\$	26,300	\$ 49,452	1,221	\$	50,673	

In February 2015, additional consideration was provided to the sellers of Collex Collision Experts Inc. and Collex Collision Experts of Florida Inc. in order to allow the Fund to file an election that allows the transaction to be treated as an asset acquisition for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and confirming the stepped-up tax basis of the assets acquired.

The purchase price allocation adjustments for the Collision Revision acquisition represent balance sheet reclassifications between accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred income taxes and goodwill within the measurement period for the Collision Revision acquisition.

Following the completion of the Collision Revision acquisition, an issue arose with respect to the seller's arrangements with a third party supplier to the acquired business. During 2015, the matter was settled. As a result of settlement, the working capital accounts receivable balance was written off and an intangible asset was recognized outside of the measurement period. The settlement did not have a material adverse effect on the Fund's business. Amounts related to the settlement of this matter are recorded in acquisition, transaction and process improvement costs.

The results of operations reflect the revenues and expenses of acquired operations from the date of acquisition. Revenue contributed by Craftmaster since the acquisition was \$20,481. Net earnings contributed by Craftmaster since the acquisition were \$1,772. If Craftmaster had been acquired on January 1, 2015, the Fund's loss for the year ended December 31, 2015 would have been \$20,190 (unaudited).

The preliminary purchase prices for the 2015 acquisitions as disclosed above may be revised as additional information becomes available. Further adjustments may be recorded in future periods as purchase price adjustments are finalized.

U.S. acquisition transactions are initially recognized in Canadian dollars at the rates of exchange in effect on the transaction dates. Subsequently, the assets and liabilities are translated at the rate in effect at the Statement of Financial Position date.

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A significant part of the goodwill added in 2014 and 2015 can be attributed to the assembled workforce and the operating know-how of key personnel. However, no intangible asset qualified for separate recognition in this respect.

Goodwill recognized during 2015 is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. Goodwill recognized during 2014 on Netcost, Collex and Champ's acquisitions is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The portion of goodwill related to the acquisition of Collision Revision 13081 Inc. is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Costs associated with acquisition and development activities are expensed as incurred. Included in acquisition, transaction and process improvement costs of \$2,003 (2014 - \$6,325) are process improvement costs of \$nil (2014 - \$2,875).

## 6. INVENTORY

As at	December 31, 2015	De	December 31, 2014			
Parts and materials Work in process	\$ 9,634 11,343	\$	7,460 8,349			
	\$ 20,977	\$	15,809			

Included in cost of sales for the year ended December 31, 2015 are parts and material costs of \$357,851 (2014 – \$260,024) and labour costs of \$193,382 (2014 – \$140,043) with the balance of cost of sales primarily made up of sublet charges.

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## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Land	В	uildings	Е	Shop Equipment	Ε	Office Equipment		Computer Hardware		Signage		Vehicles	I	Leasehold improvements		Total
Depreciation rates				5%		15%		20%		30%		15%		30%		10 to 25 years straight line		
As at January 1, 2014																		
Cost	\$	1,545	\$	1,831	\$	51,817	\$	4,724	\$	6,393	\$	4,488	\$	9,792	\$	30,582	\$	111,172
Accumulated depreciation		-		(219)		(22,681)		(2,046)		(3,606)		(1,469)		(5,328)		(11,898)		(47,247)
Net book value	\$	1,545	\$	1,612	\$	29,136	\$	2,678	\$	2,787	\$	3,019	\$	4,464	\$	18,684	\$	63,925
For the year ended December 31, 2014																		
Additions Proceeds on		-		1,208		15,152		1,235		1,064		1,063		2,021		13,341		35,084
disposal Gain (loss) on		(1,410)		(825)		(10)		-		-		-		(192)		-		(2,437)
disposal		2		-		(13)		-		-		-		73		-		62
Depreciation		-		(96)		(5,597)		(673)		(963)		(539)		(2,094)		(3,443)		(13,405)
Foreign exchange		9		116		2,947		207		213		285		232		2,026		6,035
Net book value	\$	146	\$	2,015	\$	41,615	\$	3,447	\$	3,101	\$	3,828	\$	4,504	\$	30,608	\$	89,264
As at December 31, 2014 Cost	\$	146	¢	2,330	\$	69,893	ď	6,166	¢	7,670	ď	5,836	¢	11,926	¢	45,949	¢	149,916
Accumulated	φ	140	Ф	2,330	ф	09,893	Ф	0,100	Ф	7,070	Ф	3,630	Ф	11,920	Ф	43,949	Ф	149,910
depreciation		-		(315)		(28,278)		(2,719)		(4,569)		(2,008)		(7,422)		(15,341)		(60,652)
Net book value	\$	146	\$	2,015	\$	41,615	\$	3,447	\$	3,101	\$	3,828	\$	4,504	\$	30,608	\$	89,264
For the year ended December 31, 2015																		
Additions Proceeds on		2,619		3,305		14,930		1,439		1,201		1,621		4,244		14,810		44,169
disposal Gain (loss) on		-		-		(68)		-		-		-		(284)		-		(352)
disposal		_		_		(1)		(1)		_		-		217		-		215
Depreciation		-		(164)		(7,750)		(839)		(1,105)		(770)		(2,082)		(5,312)		(18,022)
Foreign exchange		243		630		8,061		568		499		774		735		6,259		17,769
Net book value	\$	3,008	\$	5,786	\$	56,787	\$	4,614	\$	3,696	\$	5,453	\$	7,334	\$	46,365	\$	133,043
As at December 31, 2015																		
Cost	\$	3,008	\$	6,317	\$	99,430	\$	8,693	\$	10,334	\$	8,657	\$	17,338	\$	71,029	\$	224,806
Accumulated depreciation		-		(531)		(42,643)		(4,079)		(6,638)		(3,204)		(10,004)		(24,664)		(91,763)
Net book value	\$	3,008	\$	5,786	\$	56,787	\$	4,614	\$	3,696	\$	5,453	\$	7,334	\$	46,365	\$	133,043

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## 8. INCOME TAXES

The Fund is a "specified investment flow-through" ("SIFT") and until December 31, 2010 was exempt from tax on its income to the extent that its income was distributed to unitholders. This exemption did not apply to the Company or its subsidiaries, which are corporations that are subject to income tax. On December 15, 2010 the Trustees of the Fund approved an internal capital restructuring plan that better reflects its significant U.S. base of business and its expected source of future growth. A consequence of this restructuring is that its current distribution level to unitholders are funded almost entirely by its U.S. operations. Fund distributions that are sourced from U.S. business earnings are not subject to the SIFT tax.

The Fund accounts for deferred income tax assets and liabilities in respect of accounting and tax basis differences. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities which relate to the same jurisdiction are netted on the statement of financial position.

a) The reconciliation between income tax expense and the accounting earnings (loss) multiplied by the combined basic Canadian and U.S. federal, provincial and state tax rates is as follows:

	For t	he years end 2015	ed D	<b>December 31,</b> 2014
Loss before income taxes Earnings subject to tax in the hands of unitholders not the Fund	\$	(1,634) (8,153)	\$	(3,574) (7,439)
Loss subject to income taxes	\$	(9,787)	\$	(11,013)
Combined basic Canadian and U.S. federal, provincial and state tax rates		35.68%		31.74%
Income tax expense at combined statutory tax rates	\$	(3,492)	\$	(3,496)
Adjustments for the tax effect of:				
Non-deductible depreciation		512		408
Other non-deductible expenses		326		308
Amortization of permanent goodwill deductions		(96)		(82)
Allocation to non-controlling interest		(1,403)		(914)
Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities resulting from changes in				
substantively enacted tax rates		<b>(79)</b>		-
Dividends treated as interest		605		476
Non-deductible fair value adjustments		19,788		9,902
Effective rate adjustment		3,628		5,088
Items affecting equity - issue costs		506		131
Other		33		(84)
Income tax expense	\$	20,328	\$	11,737

The structure of the Fund is such that a portion of the Fund's earnings continue to be subject to tax in the hands of the unitholders, not the Fund. This permits the Company to reduce its tax obligation. As a result during the year, the Company benefitted from an interest deduction in the amount of \$11,583 (2014 - \$8,920). This amount was received by the Fund who then is permitted to reduce its taxable income for the distributions declared in the year.

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#### Deferred income taxes consist of the following: b)

As at	mber 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Intangible assets	\$ (316)	(286)
Non-capital losses carried forward	2,306	2,249
Property, plant and equipment	(271)	(212)
Issue costs	826	1,225
Other	77	(221)
Deferred income tax asset	\$ 2,622	2,755

As at	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014		
Intangible assets Accrued liabilities Property, plant and equipment Acquisition costs	\$	(18,353) 6,809 (12,095) 3,037	\$	(11,635) 5,682 (7,004) 2,255	
Deferred income tax liability	\$	(20,602)	\$	(10,702)	

#### The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year is as follows: c)

As at	December 31 2015	, De	ecember 31, 2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,75	5 \$	2,389
Issue costs	-		661
Deferred income tax expense	(13)	3)	(295)
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,62	2 \$	2,755

As at	December 31, 2015			December 31, 2014		
Balance, beginning of year Acquired through business combination Recognition of deferred tax on set up of intangible assets Deferred income tax expense Foreign exchange	\$	(10,702) (915) - (6,644) (2,341)	\$	(4,874) (4,209) 4,809 (5,698) (730)		
Balance, end of year	\$	(20,602)	\$	(10,702)		

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d) Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent it is probable that sufficient future taxable income will be available to allow a deferred income tax asset to be realized. At December 31, 2015, the Fund has recognized all of its deferred income tax assets with the exception of \$7,510 (2014 - \$7,512) in capital losses available in Canada. At December 31, 2015, the Fund has non-capital losses in Canada of \$8,607 (2014 - \$8,636) and net operating losses in the U.S. of \$nil (2014 - \$nil).

The losses expire as follows:

Year of expiry	
2026	1,542
2030	1,226
2033	4,618
2034	1,221

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## INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Customer lationships	Br	rand Name	Computer Software	n-compete greements	]	Zoned Property Rights	ourable Lease Agreements		Total
As at January 1, 2014										
Cost	\$ 61,142	\$	10,382	\$ 2,350	\$ 3,342	\$	53,921	\$ -	\$	131,137
Accumulated amortization	(10,380)		(2,449)	(1,697)	(1,934)		(53,921)	-		(70,381)
Net book value	\$ 50,762	\$	7,933	\$ 653	\$ 1,408	\$	-	\$ -	\$	60,756
For the year ended December 31, 2014										
Acquired through business combinations	46,626		2,081	-	2,415		-	-		51,122
Purchase price allocation adjustments	(620)		(414)	-	-		-	-		(1,034)
Additions	-		-	325	-		-	-		325
Amortization	(4,351)		(1,616)	(318)	(854)		-	-		(7,139)
Foreign exchange	7,015		722	59	227		-	-		8,023
Net book value	\$ 99,432	\$	8,706	\$ 719	\$ 3,196	\$	-	\$ -	\$	112,053
As at December 31, 2014										
Cost	\$ 115,298	\$	13,064	\$ 2,734	\$ 6,197	\$	53,921	\$ -	\$	191,214
Accumulated amortization	(15,866)		(4,358)	(2,015)	(3,001)		(53,921)	-		(79,161)
Net book value	\$ 99,432	\$	8,706	\$ 719	\$ 3,196	\$	-	\$ -	\$	112,053
For the year ended December 31, 2015										
Acquired through business combinations	9,383		361		986				\$	10,730
Additions	-		301	377	200		-	8,725	φ	9,102
Amortization	(6,566)		(1,492)	(466)	(1,548)		-	0,723		(10,072)
Foreign exchange	19,530		1,612	110	614		-	-		21,866
Net book value	\$ 121,779	\$	9,187	\$ 740	\$ 3,248	\$	-	\$ 8,725	\$	143,679
As at December 31, 2015										
As at December 31, 2015 Cost	\$ 147,814	\$	16.000	\$ 3,221	\$ 8.505	\$	53.921	\$ 8,725	\$	238,186
	\$ 147,814 (26,035)	\$	16,000 (6,813)	\$ 3,221 (2,481)	\$ 8,505 (5,257)	\$	53,921 (53,921)	\$ 8,725 -	\$	238,186 (94,507)

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#### 10. GOODWILL

As at	Dec	cember 31, 2015	Dec	December 31, 2014		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	142,755	\$	73,561		
Acquired through business combination		11,565		63,506		
Deferred tax liability (asset) on purchase price allocation adjustment		756		(4,495)		
Purchase price allocation adjustments within the measurement period		(293)		1,011		
Additional consideration provided		1,221		-		
Foreign exchange		27,619		9,172		
Balance, end of year	\$	183,623	\$	142,755		

The Fund has used the value in use method to evaluate the carrying amount of goodwill. The key assumptions used in the assessment include an estimate of current cash flow, taxes, and a growth rate of 2% and capital maintenance expenditures. These assumptions are based on past experience. A discount rate of 11.5% has been applied to the expected cash flow, after adjusting the cash flow for an estimate of the taxes and capital maintenance expenditures. The amount of carrying value of goodwill which has been evaluated using this method was \$183,623 (2014 - \$136,140).

In February 2015, additional consideration was provided to the sellers of Collex Collision Experts Inc. and Collex Collision Experts of Florida Inc. in order to allow the Fund to file an election that allows the transaction to be treated as an asset acquisition for U.S. federal income tax purposes, resulting in a stepped-up tax basis of the assets acquired.

The purchase price allocation adjustments for the Collision Revision acquisition represent balance sheet reclassifications between accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred income taxes and goodwill within the measurement period for the Collision Revision acquisition.

#### 11. DISTRIBUTIONS AND DIVIDENDS

The Fund's Trustees have discretion in declaring distributions. The Fund's distribution policy is to make distributions of its available cash from operations taking into account current and future performance, amounts necessary for principal and interest payments on debt obligations, amounts required for maintenance capital expenditures and amounts allocated to reserves.

Distributions to unitholders and dividends on the exchangeable Class A shares, which are recorded as finance costs, were declared and paid as follows:

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(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

Record date	Payment date	ution per Unit / end per Share	Distri	bution amount	Divid	end amount
January 31, 2015	February 25, 2015	\$ 0.0410	\$	671	\$	11
February 28, 2015	March 27, 2015	0.0410		671		11
March 31, 2015	April 28, 2015	0.0410		671		11
April 30, 2015	May 27, 2015	0.0410		670		10
May 31, 2015	June 26, 2015	0.0410		670		11
June 30, 2015	July 29, 2015	0.0410		671		11
July 31, 2015	August 26, 2015	0.0410		672		11
August 31, 2015	September 28, 2015	0.0410		671		11
September 30, 2015	October 28, 2015	0.0410		688		11
October 31, 2015	November 26, 2015	0.0410		688		11
November 30, 2015	December 22, 2015	0.0420		705		11
December 31, 2015	January 27, 2016	0.0420		705		11
		\$ 0.4940	\$	8,153	\$	131

Record date	Payment date	ition per Unit / and per Share	Distribu	tion amount	Divide	nd amount
January 31, 2014	February 26, 2014	\$ 0.0400	\$	597	\$	15
February 28, 2014	March 27, 2014	0.0400		597		15
March 31, 2014	April 28, 2014	0.0400		598		15
April 30, 2014	May 28, 2014	0.0400		597		15
May 31, 2014	June 26, 2014	0.0400		598		15
June 30, 2014	July 29, 2014	0.0400		598		15
July 31, 2014	August 27, 2014	0.0400		602		10
August 31, 2014	September 26, 2014	0.0400		602		11
September 30, 2014	October 29, 2014	0.0400		654		11
October 31, 2014	November 26, 2014	0.0400		654		10
November 30, 2014	December 22, 2014	0.0410		671		11
December 31, 2014	January 28, 2015	0.0410		671		11
		\$ 0.4820	\$	7,439	\$	154

During 2015, an expense in the amount of \$4,375 (2014 - \$4,516) was recorded against earnings (loss) related to these exchangeable Class A shares.

Further distributions and dividends were declared for the months of January, February and March 2016 in the monthly amounts of \$0.042 per unit/share. The total amount of distributions and dividends declared after the reporting date was \$2,271 and \$32, respectively.

## 12. LONG-TERM DEBT

On December 20, 2013, the Company entered into a five year \$100,000 U.S. revolving credit facility, with an accordion feature which could increase the facility to a maximum of \$135,000 U.S. The facility was with a syndicate of Canadian and U.S. banks and was secured by the shares and assets of the Company as well as guarantees by BGIF and BGHI. The interest rate was based on a pricing grid of the Fund's ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA as determined under the credit agreement. The Company could draw the facility in either the U.S or in Canada, in either U.S. or Canadian dollars and could be drawn in tranches as required. Tranches bore interest only and were not repayable until the maturity date but could be voluntarily repaid at any time. The Company had the ability to choose the base interest rate between Prime, Bankers Acceptances ("BA") or London Inter Bank Offer Rate ("LIBOR"). The total syndicated facility included a swing line up to a maximum of \$3,000 in Canada and \$7,000 in the U.S.

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Under the revolving facility the Company was subject to certain financial covenants which had to be maintained to avoid acceleration of the termination of the credit agreement. The financial covenants required the Fund to maintain a total debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 4.0, a senior debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 3.5 up to December 31, 2016 and less than 3.25 thereafter; and a fixed charge coverage ratio of greater than 1.03. The debt calculations excluded the convertible debentures.

On July 23, 2015, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement for a term of five years, increasing the revolving credit facility to \$150,000 U.S., with an accordion feature which can increase the facility to a maximum of \$250,000 U.S. The facility is with a syndicate of Canadian and U.S. banks and is secured by the shares and assets of the Company as well as guarantees by BGIF and BGHI. The interest rate is based on a pricing grid of the Fund's ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA as determined under the credit agreement. The Company can draw the facility in either the U.S. or in Canada, in either U.S. or Canadian dollars and can be drawn in tranches as required. Tranches bear interest only and are not repayable until the maturity date but can be voluntarily repaid at any time. The Company has the ability to choose the base interest rate between Prime, Bankers Acceptances ("BA") or London Inter Bank Offer Rate ("LIBOR"). The total syndicated facility includes a swing line up to a maximum of \$3,000 in Canada and \$12,000 in the U.S.

Under the revolving facility the Company is subject to certain financial covenants which must be maintained to avoid acceleration of the termination of the credit agreement. The financial covenants require the Fund to maintain a total debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 4.25; a senior debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 3.5 up to December 31, 2016 and less than 3.25 thereafter; and a fixed charge coverage ratio of greater than 1.03. For three quarters following a material acquisition, the total debt to EBITDA ratio may be increased to less than 4.75, the senior debt to EBITDA ratio may be increased to less than 4.0 up to December 31, 2016 and increased to less than 3.75 thereafter. The debt calculations exclude the convertible debentures. As at December 31, 2015, the Fund did not have any draws outstanding against this facility and was in compliance with all financial covenants.

Deferred financing costs of \$1,010 were incurred in 2013 to complete the facility and had been recorded as a deferred cost until the debt was drawn. These costs were amortized to finance costs on a straight-line basis until July 23, 2015 when the amended and restated credit agreement was signed. At that time, the unamortized deferred financing costs of \$726 were recorded as finance costs. Financing costs of \$356 incurred to complete the amended and restated credit agreement have been deferred. These deferred financing costs will be netted against the debt, when drawn. These fees are amortized to finance costs on a straight line basis over the five year term of the amended and restated credit agreement.

Seller notes payable of \$48,083 U.S. on the financing of certain acquisitions are unsecured, at interest rates ranging from 1% to 8%. The notes are repayable from January 2016 to January 2027 in the same currency as the related note.

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

As at	December 31, 2015	D	December 31, 2014	
Seller notes Current portion	\$ 66,547 9,802		56,598 7,645	
	\$ 56,745	\$	48,953	

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The following is the continuity of long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2015:

As at	December 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014
Balance, beginning of year Consideration on acquisition Net draw Repayment Foreign exchange	\$ 56,598 7,971 - (8,926 10,904	)	27,129 31,446 85,395 (91,748) 4,376
Balance, end of year	\$ 66,547	\$	56,598

The following table summarizes the repayment schedule of the long-term debt:

Principal Payments	December 31, 2015	D	December 31, 2014		
Less than 1 year 1 to 5 years Greater than 5 years	\$ 9,802 33,242 23,503		7,645 25,761 23,192		
	\$ 66,547	\$	56,598		

Included in finance costs is interest on long-term debt of \$3,542 (2014 - \$3,426).

#### 13. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

On December 19, 2012, the Fund issued \$30,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible unsecured subordinated debentures due December 31, 2017 (the "Debentures") with a conversion price of \$23.40. On December 24, 2012, as allowed under the provisions of the agreement to issue the Debentures, the underwriters purchased an additional \$4,200 aggregate principal amount of Debentures increasing the aggregate proceeds of the Debenture Offering to \$34,200.

The Debentures bear interest at an annual rate of 5.75% payable semi-annually, and are convertible at the option of the holder, into units of the Fund at any time prior to the maturity date and may be redeemed by the Fund on or after December 31, 2015 provided that certain thresholds are met surrounding the weighted average market price of the trust units at that time. On redemption or maturity, the Debentures may at the option of the Fund be repaid in cash or subject to regulatory approval, units of the Fund. On November 6, 2015, the Fund announced that on January 5, 2016 it would redeem in full all of the then outstanding 5.75% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures due December 31, 2017 in accordance with the provisions of the trust indenture dated as of December 19, 2012. *See note* 32.

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Upon issuance, the Debentures were bifurcated with \$2,009 related to the conversion feature treated as a financial liability measured at fair value due to the units of the Fund being redeemable for cash. Transactions costs of \$2,003 were incurred in relation to issuance of the Debentures, which included the underwriter's fee and other expenses of the offering. Details of the Debentures carrying value are as follows:

As at	December : 2015	31,	December 31, 2014		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 31,6	17	\$	30,971	
Adjusted for: Accretion charges Conversion to Fund units	2,5 (9,5			705 (59)	
Balance, end of year	\$ 24,7	204	\$	31,617	

On September 29, 2014, the Fund issued \$50,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible unsecured subordinated debentures due October 31, 2021 (the "2014 Debentures") with a conversion price of \$61.40. On September 29, 2014, as allowed under the provisions of the agreement to issue the 2014 Debentures, the underwriters purchased an additional \$7,500 aggregate principal amount of 2014 Debentures increasing the aggregate proceeds of the 2014 Debenture offering to \$57,500.

The 2014 Debentures bear interest at an annual rate of 5.25% payable semi-annually, and are convertible at the option of the holder into units of the Fund at any time prior to the maturity date and may be redeemed by the Fund on or after October 31, 2017 provided that certain thresholds are met surrounding the weighted average market price of the trust units at that time. On redemption or maturity, the 2014 Debentures may, at the option of the Fund, be repaid in cash or, subject to regulatory approval, units of the Fund.

Upon issuance, the 2014 Debentures were bifurcated with \$5,124 related to the conversion feature treated as a financial liability measured at fair value due to the units of the Fund being redeemable for cash. Transaction costs of \$2,774 were incurred in relation to issuance of the 2014 Debentures, which included the underwriter's fee and other expenses of the offering. Details of the 2014 Debentures carrying value are as follows:

As at	Dec	December 31, 2014		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	50,047	\$	-
Proceeds of offering		-		57,500
Adjusted for:				
Transaction costs		-		(2,774)
Expensed transaction costs attributable to conversion feature		-		243
Net proceeds on offering	\$	50,047	\$	54,969
Adjusted for:				
Fair value of conversion feature		-		(5,124)
Accretion charges		869		202
Balance, end of year	\$	50,916	\$	50,047

During 2015, an expense in the amount of \$34,057 (December 31, 2014 – \$21,966) was recorded to earnings (loss) related to convertible debentures.

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## 14. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

As at	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Equipment leases, at interest rates ranging from 3.58% to 14.66%, due January 2016 to June 2020 (2014 - January 2015 to March 2019), secured by equipment with a net book value of \$7,892 (2014 - \$4,122)	\$	7,696	\$	4,975
Vehicle leases, at interest rates ranging from 5.40% to 12.81%, due January 2016 to January 2019 (2014 - January 2015 to July 2018), secured by vehicles with a net book value of \$6,038 (2014 - \$3,112)		6,792		4,850
	\$	14,488	\$	9,825
Amounts representing interest		1,465		1,050
Current portion	\$	13,023 4,547	\$	8,775 3,436
	\$	8,476	\$	5,339

Included in finance costs is interest related to finance leases of \$1,249 (2014 - \$895).

Minimum lease payments required as at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	Principal and Interest Payments			ipal Payments
Less than 1 year 1 to 5 years Greater than 5 years	\$ 5,209 9,187 92	\$ 66. 80	2 \$	4,547 8,385 91
	\$ 14,488	\$ 1,46	5 \$	13,023

## 15. FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENTS

		<b>December 31,</b> 2014	
Convertible debenture conversion features	\$	2015 34,057 \$	-
Exchangeable Class A common shares		4,375	4,516
Unit based payment obligation		12,925	8,938
Non-controlling interest put options		7,593	1,940
Total fair value adjustments	\$	58,950 \$	37,360

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## 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

## Carrying value and estimated fair value of financial instruments

			December 31, 2015		December	December :	31, 2014
	Classification	Fair value hierarchy	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	
Financial assets							
Cash	FVTPL (1)	1	72,926	72,926	57,510	57,510	
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	n/a	64,798	64,798	55,462	55,462	
Note receivable	Loans and receivables	n/a	678	678	893	893	
Financial liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Other financial liabilities	n/a	134,430	134,430	96,691	96,691	
Distributions payable	Other financial liabilities	n/a	705	705	671	671	
Dividends payable	Other financial liabilities	n/a	11	11	11	11	
Long-term debt	Other financial liabilities	n/a	66,547	66,547	56,598	56,598	
2012 convertible debenture	Other financial liabilities	2	24,204	70,918	31,617	69,969	
2012 convertible debenture conversion feature	FVTPL (1)	2	43,945	43,945	33,920	33,920	
2014 convertible debenture	Other financial liabilities	2	50,916	70,725	50,047	50,047	
2014 convertible debenture conversion feature	FVTPL (1)	2	16,219	16,219	7,955	7,955	
Exchangeable Class A common shares	FVTPL (1)	1	15,536	15,536	11,420	11,420	
Non-controlling interest put options	FVTPL (1)	3	34,738	34,738	23,230	23,230	

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

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For the Fund's current financial assets and liabilities, which are short term in nature and subject to normal trade terms, the carrying values approximate their fair value. As there is no ready secondary market for the Fund's long-term debt, the fair value has been estimated using the discounted cash flow method. The fair value using the discounted cash flow method is approximately equal to carrying value. The fair value for the non-controlling interest put option is based on the estimated cash payment or receipt necessary to settle the contract at the Statement of Financial Position date. Cash payments or receipts are based on discounted cash flows using current market rates and prices and adjusted for credit risk. The fair value of the exchangeable Class A shares is estimated using the market price of the units of Fund as of the statement of financial position date. The fair value for the 2014 convertible debenture conversion feature is estimated using a Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions used: stock price \$66.10, dividend yield 1.05%, expected volatility 26.66%, risk free interest rate of 0.96%, term of six years. The fair value for the Fund's debentures will change based on the movement in bond rates and changes in the Fund's credit rating.

#### Collateral

The Company's syndicated loan facility is collateralized by a General Security Agreement. The carrying amount of the financial assets pledged as collateral for this facility at December 31, 2015 was approximately \$137,724 (2014 - \$113,800).

#### Interest rate risk

The Company's operating line and syndicated loan facility are exposed to interest rate fluctuations and the Company does not hold any financial instruments to mitigate this risk. Convertible debentures and seller notes are at fixed interest rates.

#### Foreign currency risk

The Company's operations in the U.S. are more closely tied to its domestic currency. Accordingly, the U.S. operations are measured in U.S. dollars and the Company's foreign exchange translation exposure relates to these operations. When the U.S. operation's net asset values are converted to Canadian dollars, currency fluctuations result in period to period changes in those net asset values. The Fund's equity position reflects these changes in net asset values as recorded in accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss). The income and expenses of the U.S. operations are translated into Canadian dollars at the average rate for the period in order to include their financial results in the consolidated financial statements. Period to period changes in the average exchange rates cause translation effects that have an impact on net earnings (loss). Unlike the effect of exchange rate fluctuations on transaction exposure, the exchange rate translation risk does not affect local currency cash flows.

Transactional foreign currency risk also exists in circumstances where U.S. denominated cash is received in Canada. The Company monitors U.S. denominated cash flows to be received in Canada and evaluates whether to use forward foreign exchange contracts. No forward foreign exchange contracts were used during 2015 or 2014.

The Fund earns interest on promissory notes issued to The Boyd Group (U.S.) Inc., the parent of the Fund's U.S. operations. As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, promissory notes denominated in Canadian dollars are as follows:

Promissory notes As at		December 31, 2015		
Promissory note at 3.3% due September 29, 2017	\$	108,000	\$	108,000
Promissory note at 6.5% due January 1, 2020		41,800		41,800
Promissory note at 8.58% due January 1 2024		6,800		6,800
Promissory note at 8.58% due January 1, 2024		25,000		25,000
Promissory note at 8.58% due January 1, 2024		30,000		30,000
	\$	211,600	\$	211,600

Currently the Fund's U.S. operations purchase Canadian dollars at market rates to fund the monthly interest payments.

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## Credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. Cash is in the form of deposits on demand with major financial institutions that have strong long-term credit ratings. The Fund is subject to risk of non-payment of accounts receivable; however, the Fund's receivables are largely collected from the insurers of its customers. Accordingly, the Fund's accounts receivable comprises mostly amounts due from national and international insurance companies or provincial crown corporations.

Aging of accounts receivable As at	December 3: 2015	l, D	December 31, 2014		
Neither impaired nor past due Past due:	\$ 62,89	94 \$	53,372		
Over 90 days	2,92	22	2,997		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 65,81 (1,01	.6 \$ .8)	56,369 (907)		
Accounts receivable	\$ 64,79	8 \$	55,462		

The Fund uses an allowance account to record an estimate of potential impairment for accounts receivables based on aging and other factors. The Fund has not identified specific accounts it believes to be impaired.

Allowance for doubtful accounts As at	December 2015	December 31, 2015		
Balance, beginning of year Increase in allowance (net of recoveries and amounts	\$	907	\$	746
written off)		111		161
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,	018	\$	907

#### Liquidity risk

The following table details the Fund's remaining contractual maturities for its financial liabilities.

	Total	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	3 to 4 years	4 to 5 years	After 5 years
Accounts payable and accrued							
liabilities	\$134,431	\$134,431	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Long-term debt	66,547	9,802	10,172	9,310	7,884	5,876	23,503
Obligations under finance leases	13,023	4,547	3,346	2,783	2,087	169	91
Convertible debentures	75,120	24,204	-	-	-	-	50,916
Operating lease obligation	346,561	61,205	53,994	46,505	39,179	32,200	113,478
	\$635,682	\$234,189	\$ 67,512	\$ 58,598	\$ 49,150	\$ 38,245	\$187,988

Obligations of the Fund are generally satisfied through future operating cash flows and the collection of accounts receivable.

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## Market Risk and Sensitivity Analysis

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Components of market risk to which the Fund is exposed are interest rate risk and foreign exchange rate risk as discussed above.

The Fund has used a sensitivity analysis technique that measures the estimated change to net earnings (loss) and equity of a 1% (100 basis points) difference in market interest rates. The sensitivity analysis assumes that changes in market interest rates only affect interest income or expense of variable financial instruments not covered by hedging instruments. For the year ended December 31, 2015 it is estimated that the impact of a 1% change to market rates would result in a \$nil change (2014 – \$263) to net earnings (loss) as well as comprehensive earnings (loss).

The currency risk sensitivity analysis is based on a 5% strengthening or weakening of the Canadian Dollar against the U.S. Dollar and assumes that all other variables remain constant. Under this assumption, net earnings (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2015 as well as comprehensive earnings (loss) would have changed by \$nil due to no foreign exchange contracts being in place at the end of 2015 and 2014.

#### **Exchangeable Class A Common Shares**

The Class A common shares of BGHI are exchangeable into units of the Fund. To facilitate the exchange, BGHI issues one Class B common share to the Fund for each Class A common share that has been retracted. The Fund in turn issues a trust unit to the Class A common shareholder. The exchangeable feature results in the Class A common shares of BGHI being presented as financial liabilities of the Fund. Exchangeable Class A shares are measured at the market price of the units of the Fund as at the statement of financial position date. Exchanges are recorded at carrying value. At December 31, 2015 there were 235,036 (2014 – 239,911) shares outstanding with a carrying value of \$15,536 (2014 – \$11,420). Total retractions for the year were 4,875 (2014 – 112,164) for \$259 (2014 – \$4,786). During the third quarter of 2014, Brock Bulbuck, President & Chief Executive Officer, retracted 100,000 Class A common shares. The retraction was recorded at a carrying value of \$4,324.

### Non-controlling interest put option

On May 31, 2013, the Fund entered into an agreement whereby Glass America contributed its auto-glass business to Gerber Glass in exchange for shares representing a 30% ownership interest in a new combined Glass America entity. The agreement contains a put option, which provides the non-controlling interest with the right to require the Fund to purchase their retained interest according to a valuation formula defined in the agreement. All changes in the estimated liability are recorded in earnings (loss). The put option was restricted until June 1, 2015.

On May 31, 2013, in connection with the acquisition of Glass America, the Fund entered into an agreement that provides a member of its U.S. management team the opportunity to participate in the future growth of the Fund's U.S. glass business. Within the agreement was a put option held by the non-controlling shareholder that provided the shareholder an option to put the business back to the Fund according to a valuation formula defined in the agreement. The put option is restricted until December 1, 2016 and is exercisable anytime thereafter by the glass-business operating partner. The put option may be exercised before December 1, 2016 upon the occurrence of certain unusual events such as a change of control or resignation of the operating partner. All fair value changes in the estimated liability are recorded in earnings (loss).

The liability recognized in connection with both put options has been calculated using formulas defined in the agreements. The formula for the Glass America put is based on a multiple of EBITDA for the trailing twelve months. The formula for the Gerber Glass put is based on multiples of estimated future earnings of the combined Gerber Glass and Glass America business, and estimated future exercise dates. The estimated future payment obligation is then discounted to its present value at each statement of financial position date. The significant unobservable inputs include the put being exercised in one year at a probability weighted estimated EBITDA level of approximately \$10,600 USD using a discount rate of 9%. An increase in the EBITDA level or a reduction in the discount rate would increase the put liability.

During 2015, the Fund made \$1,086 (2014 - \$1,066) in payments to the Glass America non-controlling interest.

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The liability for non-controlling interest put options comprises the following:

As at	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014		
Glass-business operating partner non-controlling interest put option Glass America non-controlling interest put option	\$	10,850 23,888	\$	6,510 16,720	
	\$	34,738	\$	23,230	

The change in the non-controlling interest put option liabilities is summarized as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2015</b>		Decembe		er 31, 2014			
	or	ss-business perating partner	non-	ss America controlling interest	ol	s-business perating partner	non-	ss America -controlling interest
Balance, beginning of year Fair value adjustments Payment to non-controlling interests Foreign exchange	\$	6,510 2,990 - 1,350	\$	16,720 4,603 (1,086) 3,651	\$	4,999 1,004 - 507	\$	15,341 936 (1,066) 1,509
Balance, end of year	\$	10,850	\$	23,888	\$	6,510	\$	16,720

During 2015, an expense in the amount of \$7,593 (December 31, 2014 – \$1,940) was recorded to earnings (loss) related to these non-controlling interest put options.

## 17. UNIT BASED PAYMENT OBLIGATION

Pursuant to the Fund's Option Agreement and Confirmation, the Fund has granted options to purchase units of the Fund to certain key executives. The following options are outstanding:

Issue Date	Number of Units	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Decen	nber 31, 2015 Fair Value	De	cember 31, 2014 Fair Value
January 11, 2006	200,000	\$ 1.91	January 11, 2016	\$	12,803	\$	8,061
January 2, 2008	150,000	\$ 2.70	January 2, 2018		7,599		4,590
January 2, 2009	150,000	\$ 3.14	January 2, 2019		6,786		4,064
January 2, 2010	150,000	\$ 5.41	January 2, 2020		5,930		3,478
				\$	33,118	\$	20,193

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

On January 11, 2006, the Fund granted options which permit the purchase of in the aggregate up to 200,000 units of the Fund at any time after the expiration of 9 years and 255 days after the date the options were granted up to and including the expiration of 9 years and 345 days after the date the options were granted. The units shall be purchased, to the extent validly exercised, on the 10<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the grant date subject to the condition that the option is not exercisable if the grantee is not an officer or employee of the Fund, the Company or a subsidiary on September 23, 2015. The exercise price, which was set at the time of granting, is the weighted average trading price on the Toronto Stock Exchange for the first 15 trading days in the month of January 2006, being \$1.91 per unit. The fair value of each option is estimated using a Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions used for the options granted: stock price \$66.10, dividend yield 1.05%, expected volatility 26.66% (determined as a weighted standard deviation of the unit price over the past four years), risk free interest rate 0.00%, initial term 10 years, remaining term of 11 days. See note 32.

On November 8, 2007, the Fund granted additional options to certain key employees allowing them to purchase in the aggregate up to 450,000 units of the Fund, such options to be issued to purchase up to 150,000 units on each of January 2, 2008, 2009 and 2010 exercisable on, but not before, the 10<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the respective issue date. The purchase price per Fund unit under the options issued on each issue date was determined as the greater of the closing price for Fund units on the Toronto Stock Exchange on the option grant date (being \$2.70 per unit) and the weighted average trading price of the Fund units on the Toronto Stock Exchange for the first 15 trading days in the month of January in which each issue date falls. The fair value of each option is estimated using a Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions used for the options granted: stock price \$66.10, dividend yield 1.05%, expected volatility 26.66%, risk free interest rates of 0.50%, 0.55% and 0.66% respectively , initial terms of 10, 11 and 12 years respectively, remaining terms of 2, 3 and 4 years respectively.

During 2015, an expense in the amount of \$12,925 (December 31, 2014 – \$8,938 was recorded to earnings (loss) related to these unit based payment obligations.

On September 24, 2015, certain key executives provided irrevocable notice that the options issued January 11, 2006 would be exercised, which will result in the issuance of 200,000 units at an exercise price of \$1.91 on January 11, 2016. *See note 32.* 

#### 18. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Fund has various operating lease commitments, primarily in respect of leased premises. The aggregate amount of future minimum lease payments associated with these leases is \$346,561 (2014 - \$272,216). The minimum amounts payable over the next five years are as follows:

Less than 1 year 1 to 5 years Greater than 5 years	\$ 61,205 171,878 113,478
	\$ 346,561

Included in operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2015 are operating lease expenses, primarily in respect of leased premises of \$62,035 (2014 – \$47,055).

### 19. CONTINGENCIES

The Fund has two U.S. denominated letters of credit for \$225 U.S. (2014 - \$225 U.S.).

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

#### 20. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS

	mber 31, 2015	De	cember 31, 2014
Balance, beginning of year Unrealized gain on translating financial statements of foreign	\$ 21,977	\$	5,685
operations	53,134		16,292
Balance, end of year	\$ 75,111	\$	21,977

There is no tax impact of translating the financial statements of the foreign operation.

#### 21. CAPITAL

#### **Unitholders' Capital**

#### **Authorized:**

Unlimited number of trust units

An unlimited number of units are authorized and may be issued pursuant to the Declaration of Trust. All units are of the same class with equal rights and privileges. Each unit is redeemable and transferable. A unit entitles the holder thereof to participate equally in distributions, including the distributions of net earnings and net realized capital gains of the Fund and distributions on termination or winding-up of the Fund, is fully paid and non-assessable and entitles the holder thereof to one vote at all meetings of Unitholders for each unit held.

During 2015, at the request of the holder, the Fund converted \$9,927 of 2012 convertible debentures into units of the Fund at an exercise price of \$23.40, resulting in the issuance of 424,227 trust units. Based on the market value at time of conversion, this resulted in an increase to unitholders' capital of \$25,695.

On September 29, 2014 the Fund completed a bought deal public offering where it sold to an underwriting syndicate 1,306,000 trust units issued out of treasury at a gross price of \$42.35 per unit for net proceeds to the Fund of \$53,459. Issue costs of \$2,511, net of tax of \$661 were netted against the gross proceeds of \$55,309. Concurrent with this offering and in a separate transaction, Eddie Cheskis, the Chief Executive Officer of Glass America sold 200,000 units that he held directly or indirectly at the same price per unit as under the offering. These units were reoffered by the underwriters to purchasers during the course of the offering.

#### 22. CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

Units purchased under the Fund's Normal Course Issuer Bid for a value below their carrying amount represent a contribution to the benefit of the remaining unitholders and the difference is credited to contributed surplus. The Fund purchased units for cancellation under Normal Course Issuer Bids in 2009, 2008, and 2007.

#### 23. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Fund's and Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable risk. The Fund includes in its definition of capital: equity, long-term debt, convertible debentures, convertible debenture conversion features, exchangeable Class A shares, non-controlling interest put options, unit based payment obligations, obligations under finance leases, net of cash.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

The Fund and Company manage the capital structure and make adjustments to it by taking into account changing economic conditions, operating performance and growth opportunities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund or Company may adjust the amount of distributions and dividends it pays, purchase units for cancellation pursuant to a normal course issuer bid, issue new units, exchange Class A shares, issue new debt or replace existing debt with different characteristics, issue convertible debentures, issue unit options, expand the revolver, increase or decrease its obligations under finance lease, pursue alternative structuring of acquisitions, trigger call options on certain acquisition obligations, or settle certain acquisition obligations using a greater amount of cash or units.

The Company monitors capital on a number of bases, including a fixed charge coverage ratio, total debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratios, return on invested capital, a debt to capital ratio, a current ratio, its adjusted distributable cash payout ratio, diluted earnings (loss) per unit and distributions per unit. The fixed charge coverage ratio is the ratio of Adjusted EBITDA, adding back rental expense, less unfunded capital expenditures, less income tax expense, less dividends and distributions to debt, rental expense and capital lease payments. Total debt to Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as the Company's total debt and capital leases but excluding convertible debentures divided by Adjusted EBITDA. Return on invested capital is the ratio of Adjusted EBITDA to average invested capital. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure, whose nearest GAAP measure is Cash Flow from Operations. The distributable cash payout ratio is calculated by dividing the distributions paid during the period by adjusted distributable cash. Adjusted distributable cash is a non-GAAP measure, whose nearest GAAP measure is Cash Flow from Operations.

The Fund's strategy has been to maintain a strong statement of financial position and improve its cash position and financial flexibility while maintaining consistent distributions in order to capitalize on growth opportunities. In addition, the Fund believes that, from time to time, the market price of the units may not fully reflect the underlying value of the units and that at such times the purchase of units would be in the best interest of the Fund. Such purchases increase the proportionate ownership interest of all remaining unitholders.

The Company grows, in part, through the acquisition or start-up of collision and glass repair and replacement businesses, or other businesses. Sources of capital that the Company has been successful at accessing in the past include public and private equity placements, convertible debt offerings, the use of equity securities to directly pay for a portion of acquisitions, capital available through strategic alliances with trading partners, capital lease financing, seller financing and both senior and subordinate debt facilities or by deferring possible future purchase price payments using contingent consideration and call or put options.

## 24. SEASONALITY

The Fund's financial results for any individual quarter are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year. Interim period revenues and earnings are typically sensitive to regional and local weather, market conditions, and in particular, to cyclical variations in economic activity.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 (thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

## 25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

To broaden and deepen management ownership in the Fund, the Company established the Senior Managers Unit Loan Program ("Unit Loan Program") in December 2012, which facilitated the one-time purchase of 121,607 of trust units held by Brock Bulbuck, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Tim O'Day, President and Chief Operating Officer US Operations, to existing Boyd trustees and senior managers. Only senior managers were eligible to receive loan support, and only up to 75% of each senior manager's unit purchase. The loans bear interest at a fixed rate of 3% per annum with interest payable monthly. Each year, 2% of the original loan amount will be forgiven and applied as a reduction of the loan principal for the first five years of the loan. This forgiveness is conditional on the employee being employed by the Company and the employee not being in default of the loan. Participants are required to make monthly payments equal to .25% of the original principal amount. Beginning March 31, 2013 participants are required to make additional minimum repayments of principal equal to the lesser of 12.5% of their annual pre-tax bonus or 12.5% of the original loan amount. Participants are required to repay the loan in full on the earlier of termination of employment, the sale of the units, or ten years from the date of loan issuance. The loan can be repaid at any time without penalty; however, the 2% future annual forgiveness would be forfeited. Units purchased are held by the Company as security for repayment of the loan. Pursuant to the conditions of the senior manager unit loan program, loan repayments by senior managers amounted to \$181 for 2015 (2014 - \$196). At December 31, 2015, the carrying value of loans made under the Unit Loan Program included in Note receivable was \$548 (2014 - \$728).

In certain circumstances the Company has entered into property lease arrangements where an employee of the Company is the landlord. The property leases for these locations do not contain any significant non-standard terms and conditions that would not normally exist in an arm's length relationship, and the Fund has determined that the terms and conditions of the leases are representative of fair market rent values.

The following are the lease expense amounts for facilities currently under lease with related parties:

			Lease	Dec	cember 31,	Dec	ember 31,
Landlord	Affiliated Person(s)	Location	Expires		2015		2014
3577997 Manitoba Inc. Gerber Building No. 1 Ptnrp	Brock Bulbuck Eddie Cheskis & Tim O'Day	Selkirk, MB South Elgin, IL	2027 2018	\$ \$	61 113		61 96

The Fund's subsidiary, The Boyd Group Inc., has declared dividends totaling \$53 (2014 - \$76), through BGHI to 4612094 Manitoba Inc., an entity controlled by a senior officer of the Fund. At December 31, 2015, 4612094 Manitoba Inc. owned 107,329 Class A common shares and 30,000,000 voting common shares of BGHI, representing approximately 30% of the total voting shares of BGHI.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

#### 26. SEGMENTED REPORTING

The Fund has one reportable line of business, being automotive collision repair and related services, with all revenues relating to a group of similar services. In this circumstance, IFRS requires the Fund to provide geographical disclosure. For the years reported, all of the Fund's revenues were derived within Canada or the United States of America. Reportable assets include property, plant and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets which are all located within these two geographic areas.

Revenues	Fo	For the years ende 2015			
Canada United States	\$	82,874 1,091,203	\$	81,019 763,085	
	\$	1,174,077	\$	844,104	
Reportable Assets As at		December 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014	
Canada United States		\$ 16,428 443,917	\$	15,993 327,869	
		\$ 460,345	\$	343,862	

The Fund's revenues are largely derived from the insurers of its customers, who are generally automobile owners. In three Canadian provinces where the Fund operates, government-owned insurance companies have, by legislation, either exclusive or semi-exclusive rights to provide insurance to the Fund's customers. Sales generated in these three markets represent approximately 4% (2014 - 5%) of the Fund's total sales. Although the Fund's services in these markets are predominately paid for by these government-owned insurance companies, the Fund's customers (automobile owners) have freedom of choice of repair provider. In markets where non-government owned insurance companies are predominant, formal relationships with insurance companies such as Direct Repair Programs ("DRPs") play an important role in generating sales volumes for the Fund. Although automobile owners still have the freedom of choice of repair provider, that choice can be influenced by the insurance companies with DRPs. Of the top five non-government owned insurance companies that the Fund deals with, which in aggregate account for approximately 49% (2014 - 47%) of total sales, one insurance company represents approximately 15% (2014 - 16%) of the Fund's total sales, while a second insurance company represents approximately 14% (2014 - 15%).

## 27. COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT

Compensation awarded to key management included:

	For t	he years end 2015	ed D	ecember 31, 2014
Salaries and short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits Long-term incentive plan Unit options	\$	4,961 83 858 12,925	\$	4,312 79 - 8,938
	\$	18,827	\$	13,329

Key management includes the Fund's Trustees as well the most senior officers of the Fund and Subsidiary Companies.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

Effective January 1, 2015, a new long-term incentive plan for certain executive officers was adopted. For the year ended December 31, 2015, Performance Cash Awards were granted under the plan. Performance Cash Awards represent the right to receive payments, conditional, in whole or in part, upon the achievement of one or more objective performance goals. A Performance Cash Award granted under the Plan is denominated and payable in cash and will vest and be paid out pro-rata over a three-year period, subject to the terms of the plan. The Performance Periods for the 2015 Award are (i) January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015 for the 1/3 of the Target Award eligible to vest on January 1, 2016; (ii) January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2016 for the 1/3 of the Target Award eligible to vest on January 1, 2017; and (iii) January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017 for the 1/3 of the Target Award eligible to vest on January 1, 2018.

On January 1, 2016, the plan granted Performance Cash Units for the 2016 grant year in place of Performance Cash Awards. Performance Cash Units are tied to unit value from date of grant to date of payment and will vest and be paid out pro-rata over a three-year period, subject to the terms of the plan.

On December 22, 2015, the Board of Trustees approved a Directors Deferred Share Unit Plan ("DSUP"), effective December 31, 2015. The plan is administered through BGHI and requires Trustees, who are also Directors of BGHI, to receive at least 60% of their compensation in the form of deferred shares, which are essentially notional shares of BGHI and are redeemable for cash on termination. Trustees may elect to receive up to 100% of their compensation in the form of deferred shares. The number of deferred share units to which a Trustee is entitled will be adjusted for the payment of dividends or other cash distributions on the Class A common shares of BGHI.

#### 28. EMPLOYEE EXPENSES

	For t	the years endo 2015	ed D	ecember 31, 2014
Salaries and short-term employee benefits	\$	441,295	\$	320,655
Post-employment benefits		83		79
Long-term incentive plan		858		-
Unit options		12,925		8,938
	\$	455,161	\$	329,672

#### 29. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLANS

The Fund has defined contribution pension plans for certain employees. The Fund matches U.S. employee contributions at rates up to 6.0% of the employees' salary. The expense and payments for the year were \$1,071 (2014 - \$677). The Fund has established Retirement Defined Contribution Arrangement Trust Agreements for the CEO and previous Executive Chairman which qualify as retirement compensation arrangements as defined in the Income Tax Act (Canada), RSC 1985, c.1 (5<sup>th</sup> Supplement), as amended. The agreements specify that quarterly contributions are to be made until the end of 2024. In the case of the previous Executive Chairman, payments were made until January, 2014, at which time the balance was paid to settle the remaining obligation. During 2015, \$83 (2014 - \$818) was paid related to these arrangements.

#### 30. LOSS PER UNIT

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2015	2014	
Net loss Basic and diluted weighted average number of units	\$	(21,962) \$ 16,470,702	(15,311) 15,331,353	
Basic and diluted loss per unit	\$	(1.333) \$	(0.999)	

Exchangeable class A shares, unit options, convertible debentures and the non-controlling interest put options are instruments that could potentially dilute basic earnings (loss) per share in the future, but were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share because they are anti-dilutive for the periods presented.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(thousands of Canadian dollars, except unit, share and per unit/share amounts)

## 31. CHANGES IN NON-CASH OPERATING WORKING CAPITAL ITEMS

	For t	he years ended I 2015	<b>December 31,</b> 2014
Accounts receivable	\$	(8,233) \$	4,992
Inventory		(1,726)	(1,395)
Prepaid expenses		(1,804)	(2,445)
Accounts payable		20,965	336
Income taxes, net		(2,061)	754
	\$	7,141 \$	2,242

## 32. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 5, 2016, the Fund completed the early redemption and cancellation of its 5.75% Convertible Unsecured Subordinated Debentures due December 31, 2017. Subsequent to the initial announcement of the early redemption, \$24,012,000 principal amount of the Debentures were converted into 1,026,152 units of the Fund. The remaining \$192,000 in Debentures were redeemed and cancelled by issuing 3,000 units. As a result of redemption and cancellation, the convertible debentures listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "BYD.DB" were delisted.

On January 11, 2016, the Fund completed the settlement of the unit options issued on January 11, 2006. As a result of the settlement, 200,000 units were issued at an exercise price of \$1.91. The fair value of the unit options at settlement was \$12,050.